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## Action \& Reaction

## Assignment

1. A 3.00 kg object is being accelerated vertically upwards at $2.80 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$, as shown. What is the tension in the cord?
A. 8.40 N
B. 21.0 N
C. 29.4 N
D. 37.8 N

ground
2. The frictionless system shown below accelerates at 1.60 $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ when released. Find the tension in the string while the system is accelerating.
A. 3.20 N
B. 16.4 N
C. 19.6 N
D. 22.8 N

3. In the diagram shown, the tension in the cord connecting the hanging mass and cart is 43 N .
a) Draw and label a free body diagram for the cart and the hanging mass.

4. The diagram shows two objects connected by a light string over a frictionless pulley. Object $m_{2}$ is on a frictionless horizontal table. The tension in the string is 24 N .
a) Find the acceleration of the system.

b) Find the mass of $m_{2}$.
5. The diagram shows a 4.4 kg mass connected by a string to an unknown mass over a frictionless pulley. The system accelerates at $1.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ in the direction shown.
a) Draw and label a free body diagram for the 4.4 kg mass.
b) Calculate the tension in the string.

c) Find mass $m_{2}$.
6. A massless, frictionless pulley is suspended by a rope. When the masses are allowed to accelerate, the tension in the string joining them is 28 N at $\mathbf{X}$. What will the tension be at $\mathbf{Y}$ and at $\mathbf{Z}$ ?
A.

| TENSION AT Y | TENSION AT Z |
| :---: | :---: |
| 20 N | 48 N |
| 20 N | 69 N |
| 28 N | 56 N |
| 28 N | 69 N |

7. The tension in the string shown is 12 N . Find the acceleration of mass $m_{2}$.
A. $3.0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
B. $6.4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
C. $6.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
D. $13 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$

8. Amanda exerts a horizontal force of 180 N on a piece of rope causing two blocks of mass 20 kg and 40 kg to accelerate. Friction on the blocks is negligible.
a) Find the tension force at $\mathbf{X}$ in the rope joining the two blocks together.


Amanda
b) Bob exerts a force of equal magnitude in the opposite direction on an identical pair of blocks.


How does the tension force at $\mathbf{X}$ compare to the value in part a)? (Circle one.)
i) The tension force is the same.
ii) The tension force is greater than in a).
iii) The tension force is smaller than in a).
c) Using principles of physics, explain your answer to part b).

## Enrichment

9. The 4.0 kg block shown accelerates across a frictionless horizontal table at $1.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$. Find the mass of object $m_{1}$.
A. 0.61 kg
B. 0.72 kg
C. 6.0 kg
D. 26 kg

10. A 2.00 kg object, initially at rest on the ground, is accelerated vertically by a rope, as shown. The object reaches a height of 3.00 m in 1.50 s . What is the tension in the rope during the acceleration?
A. 5.33 N
B. 14.3 N
C. 23.6 N
D. 24.9 N
11. Three blocks have masses $1.0 \mathrm{~kg}, 7.0 \mathrm{~kg}$ and 5.0 kg as shown. The horizontal surface is frictionless. What is the magnitude of the acceleration of the system?
A. $3.0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
B. $3.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
C. $6.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
D. $7.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$


Answers: 1. D, 2. B, 3b. $16 \mathrm{~kg}, 4 \mathrm{a} .1 .8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$, b. $13.3 \mathrm{~kg}, 5 \mathrm{~b} .51 \mathrm{~N}, \mathrm{c} .6 .4 \mathrm{~kg}, 6 . \mathrm{D}, 7 . \mathrm{C}, 8 \mathrm{a} .120 \mathrm{~N}$ b. iii c. smaller mass being accelerated so Fnet is less so T is less, 9. B, 10. D, 11. A

